IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Application of: Eric WALTHER

Confirmation No.: 4096

tent No.:

6,995,291 B2

Application No.: 10/668,790

Patent Date: February 7, 2006

Filing Date: September 22, 2003

For: PROCESS FOR THE OXIDATION OF

UNSATURATED ALCOHOLS

Attorney Docket No.: 81455-5620

REQUEST FOR CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION UNDER 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.322 AND 1.323

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Certificate FEB 2 4 2006 of Correction

Sir:

Patentees hereby respectfully request the issuance of a Certificate of Correction in connection with the above-identified patent. The corrections are listed on the attached Form PTO-1050. The corrections requested are as follows:

Title Page:

Item (56) References Cited, Other Publications:

"Aneli et al." reference, change "Aneli" to -- Anelli --; change "Aldehydesor" to -- Aldehydes or --; and change "pp2659-2663" to -- pp 2559-2663 --.

"Dijksman et al" reference, change "cholorinated" to -- chlorinated --; and change "pp 271-271" to -- pp 271-272 --.

Delete the "Nooy et al." reference in its entirety as it is a duplicate of the "de Nooy et al." reference.

"deNooy et al." reference, change "deNooy" to -- de Nooy --; change "Nitroxy" to -- Nitroxyl --; change "Sunthesis George" to -- Synthesis, Georg --; and change "PP 1153-1174" to -- pp 1153-1176 --.

The above changes are merely to correct errors of a clerical or typographical nature.

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Column 9

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Line 2, change "(O.)" to -- (O) --. Support for this change appears in application claim 3.

A fee of \$100 is believed to be due for this request. Please charge the required fees to Winston & Strawn LLP Deposit Account No. 50-1814. Please issue a Certificate of Correction in due course.

Respectfully submitted,

2-17-06 Date

Allan A. Fanucci

(Reg. No. 30,256)

WINSTON & STRAWN LLP Customer No. 28765

212-294-3311

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

PATENT NO.:

6,995,291 B2

DATED:

February 7, 2006

INVENTORS:

Walther

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

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Column 9

1

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WINSTON & STRAWN LLP Patent Department 1700 K Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20006-3817 PATENT NO. 6,995,291 B2

Page 1 of 1

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(12) United States Patent

Walther

US 6,995,291 B2

(45) Date of Patent:

(10) Patent No.:

Feb. 7, 2006

(54) PROCESS FOR THE OXIDATION OF UNSATURATED ALCOHOLS

(75) Inventor: Eric Walther, Geneva (CH)

(73) Assignee: Firmenich SA, Geneva (CH)

(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35

U.S.C. 154(b) by 142 days.

(21) Appl. No.: 10/668,790

(22) Filed: Sep. 22, 2003

(65) Prior Publication Data

US 2004/0064000 A1 Apr. 1, 2004

Related U.S. Application Data

(63) Continuation of application No. PCT/IB03/00139, filed on Jan. 15, 2003.

(51) Int. Cl. *C07C 45/00* (2006.01)

See application file for complete search history.

(56) References Cited

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Aneli et al., XP-002238208, "Fast and Selective Oxidation Anelli of Primary alcohols to Aldehydesor or to Carboxylic Acids Aldehydes or and of Secondary Alcohols to Ketones Mediated by Oxoammonium Salts under Two-Phase Conditions", Journal of Org. Chem, vol. 52, No. 12 pp2659-2663, (1987). pp 2559-2663 Dijksman et al., XP-002238182, "Polymer immobilised TEMPO (PIPO): an efficient catalyst for the Cholorinated hydrocarbon solvent-free and bromide-free oxidation of alcohols with hypochlorite". Chem. Commun. pp 271-271

Nooy et al., XP-002072173, On the Use of Stable Organic Nitroxyl Radicals for the Oxidation of Primary and Secondary Alcohols, Synthesis, George Thiome Verlag, Stuttgart, DE, PP 1153-1174 (1996).

deNooyet al., XP002072173, "On the Use of Stable Organic de Nooy Nitroxy Radicals for the Oxidation of Primary and Second-Nitroxy! ary Alcohols," Sunthesis Geord Thieme Verlag, Stuttgart, Synthesis, DE pp 1153-1174 (1996). C. Bolm et al., "TEMPO Oxidations with a Silica-Supported Catalyst," Chem. Commun., 1999, pp. 1795-1796.

Primary Examiner—Sikarl A. Witherspoon (74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm—Winston & Strawn LLP

(57) ABSTRACT

The present invention relates to the field of organic synthesis and more precisely to a process for the synthesis of an unsaturated aldehyde or ketone by oxidation of the corresponding alcohol. The oxidation is performed by a hypochlorite salt and a catalytic amount of a N-(2,2,6,6-tetraalkyl-4-piperidinyl-N-oxyl)-2-amino-1,3,5-triazine compound, preferably a N-oxyl derivative of one of the polymers known under the trademark Chimassorb® 944 or 2020.

14 Claims, No Drawings

R³ represents, simultaneously or independently, a hydrogen atom or an oxyl radical (O.), with the proviso that at least one R³ group is an oxyl radical;

X represents an oxygen atom or a -NR⁴-group;

R⁴ represents, simultaneously or independently, a hydrogen atom, a 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl group, a 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl-N-oxyl radical group or a C₁ to C₁₅ linear, branched or cyclic saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group, said hydrocarbon group optionally including one or two oxygen or nitrogen atoms; or two R⁴ groups, bonded to the same nitrogen atom, may be bonded together to form a heterocycle having 5 to 7 members and which may contain an oxygen atom;

R⁵ represents, simultaneously or independently, a hydro- 15

gen atom or a NR⁶₂ group;

\$

R⁶ represents, simultaneously or independently, a hydrogen atom, a C₁ to C₂₀ linear, branched or cyclic saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon group, a 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl-N-oxyl radical group, a 2,2, 20 6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl group or a group of formula

R⁷ representing, simultaneously or independently, a hydrogen atom, a C₁ to C₁₂ linear or branched alkyl group, a 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl-N-oxyl radical group or a 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl group; and

Y represents, simultaneously or independently, a C₂ to C₂₀ linear, branched or cyclic alkylene group optionally including one or two oxygen or nitrogen atoms.

4. The process of claim 3, wherein the N-(2,2,6,6-tet-raalkyl-4-piperidinyl-N-oxyl)-2-amino-1,3,5-triazine compound is a polymeric or oligomeric compound of formula

radical group, a 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl group or a C_1 to C_{10} linear or branched alkyl or alkenyl group; or two R^4 groups, bonded to the same nitrogen atom, may be bonded together to form a heterocycle having 6 members and which may contain an oxygen atom; and

 R^8 represents, simultaneously or independently, a hydrogen atom, a C_1 to C_{10} linear or branched alkyl or alkenyl group, a 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl-Noxyl radical group, a 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl group or a group of formula (V).

5. The process of claim 4, wherein the N-(2,2,6,6-tet-raalkyl-4-piperidinyl-N-oxyl)-2-amino-1,3,5-triazine derivative is a N-oxyl derivative of the polymers having the CAS Registry Numbers 71878-19-8 or 192268-64-7.

6. The process of claim 1, wherein the hypochlorite salt is selected from the group consisting of NaOCl, KOCl and Ca(OCl)₂.

7. The process of claim 1, wherein one of a bromide salt of formula M'Br or a bicarbonate of formula M'HCO₃ is added to the process, wherein M' is an alkaline metal.

8. The process of claim 1, wherein a bromide salt of KBr or NaBr is added to the process.

9. The process of claim 1, wherein a bicarbonate of KHCO₃ or NaHCO₃ is added to the process.

10. The process of claim 1, wherein the catalyst has a concentration ranging from 0.02 to 0.15 molar equivalents relative to the amount of alcohol.

11. The process of claim 1, wherein the hypochlorite salt is added to the reaction mixture in an amount of between 0.9 and 2.5 molar equivalents relative to the amount of alcohol.

12. The process of claim 1, which is carried out at a temperature ranging between 0° C. and 60° C.

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^{3} & R^{3} & R^{3} \\
N & N & N \\
R^{8} & N & (CH_{2})_{m}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^{3} & R^{3} & R^{3} \\
N & N & N \\
N & N & N \\
R^{4} & N & R^{4}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^{3} & R^{3} & R^{3} & R^{3} \\
R^{3} & R^{3} & R^{3} & R^{3} \\
R^{4} & R^{4} & R^{4}
\end{array}$$

wherein z represents an integer from 2 to 10;

m represents an integer from 2 to 12;

R³ is as defined in claim 3;

R⁴ represents, simultaneously or independently, a hydrogen atom, a 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl-N-oxyl

13. The process of claim 1, conducted in a solvent.

14. The process of claim 1, conducted in the absence of 65 a solvent.

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